

Anti-Theft, Fraud and Corruption Policy



**South
Cambridgeshire
District Council**

1. Introduction

- 1.1 South Cambridgeshire District Council (the Council) is committed to dealing with theft, fraud and corruption both inside and outside the Council (the latter in so far as it relates to the business of the Council). This document formalises the Council's approach to acts of theft, fraud and corruption, recognising the good practice guidelines produced by the Audit Commission (Appendix A) and the Nolan Committee's 'Seven Principles of Public Life' (Appendix B).
- 1.2 This document sets out the Council's anti-theft fraud and corruption policy as it relates to:
- the culture of the Council;
 - Members;
 - officers;
 - systems;
 - prevention, detection and investigation;
 - punishment and sanction.

2. Summary

- 2.1 Overall responsibility for dealing with theft, fraud and corruption rests with the Chief Finance Officer through statutory, "section 151", responsibilities. Members and officers are encouraged to express concerns to the Chief Executive and Chief Finance Officer, Internal Audit, the Monitoring Officer (Executive Director) or any Corporate Manager in the knowledge that any statements will be treated seriously and in confidence.
- 2.2 It is the Council's intention to pursue all individuals or organisations who are suspected of having defrauded or committed corrupt acts and to report them to the Police if appropriate.
- 2.3 The Council's Members and staff will lead by example and ensure that they comply with all Council rules, regulations, instructions and policies.
- 2.4 The Council's commitment to dealing with theft, fraud and corruption is demonstrated by having in place systems and procedures designed to limit, as far as possible, the opportunities to commit fraudulent acts and to enable any such acts to be detected at an early stage. The Council also has a Whistleblowing Policy to encourage people to raise concerns and enable the Council to take appropriate action.

2.5 Allegations of theft, fraud and corruption will be investigated in a prompt, thorough and professional manner.

2.6 Housing or council tax benefit is potentially the most likely area for attempted fraud by people outside the Council. Section 10 below sets out the Council's particular provisions relating to this.

3. **Culture**

3.1 The Council wishes it to be known that the culture and tone of the authority is one of honesty and openness in all of its dealings with wholehearted opposition to theft, fraud and corruption in any form. The Council's Members and staff play an important part in creating and maintaining this culture.

3.2 The Council expects all of the suppliers, contractors, organisations and individuals that it deals with to act at all times with honesty and integrity and with no thoughts of committing theft, fraudulent or corrupt acts. The Council will in turn endeavour to ensure that all of its dealings will be on the same basis.

3.3 Officers will be encouraged to participate in local and national professional groups in order to exchange information, initiatives and ideas, some of which will have fraud and corruption implications. Liaison with other local authorities and relevant Government departments and agencies is also encouraged.

3.4 The Council's external auditors examine annually the Council's arrangements for the prevention, detection and investigation of theft, fraud and corruption and will report major deficiencies and concerns.

4. **Raising concerns**

4.1 Staff are encouraged to raise any matters that concern them relating to the Council's method of operation. Concerns can be raised in the certainty that they will be treated seriously and properly investigated in a confidential manner. Where staff feel unable to raise concerns with their immediate supervisor they may deal with another departmental manager. Failing this, they should raise concerns with:

- the Chief Executive and Chief Finance Officer;
- the Executive Director; or
- any Corporate Manager.

4.2 Members may wish to raise concerns with:

- the Chairman of the Council;
- the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

4.3 When raising concerns, staff and Members can be assured that confidences will be respected. Any allegation of theft, fraud and corruption will be dealt with in a thorough, prompt, professional and impartial manner.

4.4 Members of the public, organisations, Council suppliers and contractors are also encouraged to raise any issues that concern them through the channels listed above.

5. **Staff**

- 5.1 The recruitment and retention of high calibre staff is vital if it is to deliver quality services. The Council will take steps at the recruitment stage to establish, as far as possible, the honesty and integrity of potential staff.
- 5.2 Staff recruitment will be in accordance with the Council's Recruitment and Selection procedures and Criminal Records Bureau (CRB) policy.
- 5.3 Officers are bound by Contract Standing Orders and Financial Regulations, Council wide codes of conduct, conditions of service and departmental codes of conduct. Particular note should be taken of the Council's position on the giving or receipt of gifts and/or hospitality. Officers are also bound by codes issued by relevant professional bodies of which they are members where these are relevant to the officer's role within the Council. Copies of codes issued by professional bodies can be made available if Members wish to see them.
- 5.4 The Council's formal Disciplinary Policy and Procedure is to be followed whenever staff are suspected of committing a theft, fraudulent or corrupt act.
- 5.5 The role of staff in the Council's systems will be as laid down in Contract Standing Orders and Financial Regulations, job descriptions, departmental instructions and any applicable procedural manuals.
- 5.6 The Council recognises the importance of training in the delivery of high quality services.
- 5.7 The contents of this and other relevant documents should be presented to all staff through management group and staff meetings.
- 5.8 All new staff will receive training on fraud identification and reporting, particularly with regard to housing and council tax benefit fraud, as part of their induction process. Regular refresher training will be provided to key groups of staff who are likely to come across evidence of housing and council tax benefit fraud during their day to day work.

6. **Members**

- 6.1 Members are required to operate within:
 - Government legislation;
 - the local Code of Conduct;
 - the Protocol on Member-Officer Relations;
 - the Council's Contract Standing Orders/Financial Regulations;
 - the Procedural Guidance for Planning and Licensing.
- 6.2 The above matters are specifically addressed in the Member Toolkit. Members are required to provide the Chief Executive with specified information concerning their direct and indirect pecuniary interests and to keep that information up to date.
- 6.3 These matters listed above are supported by briefings received by new Members after election.

7. **Systems**

- 7.1 The Council has in place Contract Standing Orders and Financial Regulations that give Members and officers clear instructions, or guidance as the case may be, as to carrying out the Council's functions and responsibilities. The contents of these documents should be brought to the attention of all staff.
- 7.2 The Chief Finance Officer has a statutory duty under Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 to ensure that there are proper arrangements in place to administer the Council's financial affairs.
- 7.3 The Internal Audit planning process incorporates a risk assessment approach to planning audits, which will assist in determining the frequency of audits and the particular areas to focus attention on. The risk assessment process is subject to an ongoing review.
- 7.4 All of the Council's systems will incorporate, as far as is practicable, efficient and effective internal controls. The adequacy, appropriateness and effectiveness of internal controls will be independently monitored by the Internal Audit as part of their programme of work. Any weaknesses identified in internal control will be reported to management whose duty it will be to address and respond to all the issues raised.

8. **Prevention, detection and investigation**

- 8.1 The Council's systems should all incorporate internal control features and are designed such that theft, fraud and corruption should not be possible without collusion. Despite this, dishonest acts can be committed and agreed procedures can be disregarded.
- 8.2 The Council's Financial Regulations place a responsibility on certain officers to notify the Chief Finance Officer immediately of any irregularity or suspected irregularity.
- 8.3 Depending upon the nature of any irregularity, Internal Audit will work closely with management and other agencies, such as the Police, to ensure that all matters are investigated thoroughly and reported upon.
- 8.4 To enable a consistent approach to be applied to any investigation following the discovery of a financial irregularity, a protocol exists between the Chief Finance Officer and Internal Audit which sets out the steps to be followed from the initial discovery of a fraud through to investigation, and where appropriate, police involvement.
- 8.5 The Council will participate in the Audit Commission's National Fraud Initiative to exchange data for the purposes of detecting fraud.

9. **Punishment and sanction**

- 9.1 If the investigation indicates improper behaviour by an officer, the Council's Disciplinary Policy and Procedure will be followed. The Council may involve the Police where fraudulent or corrupt acts are discovered. This will be a matter for the Chief Finance Officer to decide in consultation with other relevant parties.
- 9.2 If the investigation suggests improper behaviour by a Member, the procedures of the Council's Constitution, including relevant Codes or Protocols, will be followed.

- 9.3 If the investigation reveals theft, fraud or corruption by another person or organisation, the Council will take whatever remedial action it considers relevant to the circumstances, including instigating criminal or civil legal proceedings where appropriate.
- 10. Housing Benefit and Council Tax Benefit Fraud**
- 10.1 The Council shall make particular provisions to prevent, detect and punish instances of Housing Benefit and Council Tax Benefit Fraud.
- 10.2 A robust verification process will be operated in accordance with national guidelines to verify the identity of claimants and eligibility to benefits.
- 10.3 The Council will operate and publicise a free and confidential telephone hotline so that members of the public can report concerns about benefit or other frauds. The facility to report suspicions of fraud will also be made available through the Council's website.
- 10.4 The Council will maintain a suitably resourced benefits fraud investigation team to detect and investigate housing and council tax benefit fraud. Procedures will be put in place to ensure that team members are fully trained in the law relating to fraud investigation, national guidelines, good practice and internal procedures. The team may undertake investigation of other types of fraud if requested to do so.
- 10.5 The investigation team will include an officer authorised under s110 of the Social Security Administration Act.
- 10.6 Any employee with concerns about a potential benefit fraud may speak in confidence to the Fraud Manager or Head of Revenues.
- 10.7 An interview room meeting the standards required by the Police and Criminal Evidence Act shall be made available to conduct formal tape recorded interviews held under caution.
- 10.8 Where the law allows and it is considered both proportionate to the alleged crime and an effective use of resources covert surveillance will be used to detect crimes and compile evidence. Sound and image recording equipment may be used to gather evidence during such surveillance. Covert surveillance will only be conducted when authorised by a suitably trained authorising officer following a risk assessment of safety and collateral intrusion.
- 10.9 Proper records will be kept of all surveillance and authorisations and will be made available to the Surveillance Commissioner on request.
- 10.10 The Council will enter into a Fraud Partnership Agreement with the Department for Works and Pensions, and work jointly with other local authorities, the police and other agencies to investigate and prevent fraud.
- 10.11 The Council will agree a prosecutions and sanctions policy in respect of housing and council tax benefit fraud, which will ensure sanctions are imposed proportionate to the crime and reflecting the public interest. (The policy is attached as Appendix C; it is currently being reviewed and the updated version will be attached to the anti-theft fraud and corruption policy in due course.)

- 10.12 The names and address of those individuals convicted in the courts of housing and council tax benefit fraud will be publicised where it is considered to be in the public interest. In particular where the publication will serve as a deterrent to others either engaged in or considering a similar course of conduct, or where it will raise public awareness of fraud and the mechanisms for reporting suspicions.
- 10.13 The Head of Revenues will make regular reports of the Council's performance in respect of Housing and Council Tax Benefit Fraud to the Resources Portfolio Holder.
- 10.14 The Council will participate in data matching through the Housing Benefit Matching Service and National Fraud Initiative and will subscribe to the National Anti-Fraud Network.

Approved by the Corporate Governance Committee, September 2007

Appendix A - Audit Commission recommendations

As a result of the growing anxiety among the public and the media about the alleged levels of fraud and corruption in Local Government, the Audit Commission in 1993 issued a document entitled *Protecting the Public Purse*. This was followed up in 1995 by an Audit Commission bulletin *Ensuring Probity in Local Government – 1995 Update* which recommended that local government should:

- incorporate the Nolan Committee's *Seven Principles of Public Life* into Codes of Conduct (see Appendix B).
- introduce codes of conduct where not issued;
- define what gifts and hospitality may be accepted by employees and members;
- establish audit committees;
- develop fraud strategy statements which emphasise the importance of probity;
- improve risk assessment by internal audit;
- create formal arrangements for employees to express concerns about suspected fraud and corruption;
- develop explicit investigatory protocols;
- continue developing relationships and effective liaison arrangements with other authorities and agencies; and
- develop data-matching initiatives and the fraud audit liaison network.

Appendix B - Nolan Committee

The Seven Principles of Public Life

Selflessness – Holders of public office should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

Integrity – Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence them in the performance of their official duties.

Objectivity – In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards or benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

Accountability – Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

Openness – Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty – Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

Leadership – Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.